

Analysis and Retrieval of Architectural Floor plans

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Motivation

- Provide automatic lookup to retrieve similar past architectural projects to aid architects.
- Help property buyers to select floor plans with more specificity in terms of both room décor and layout.

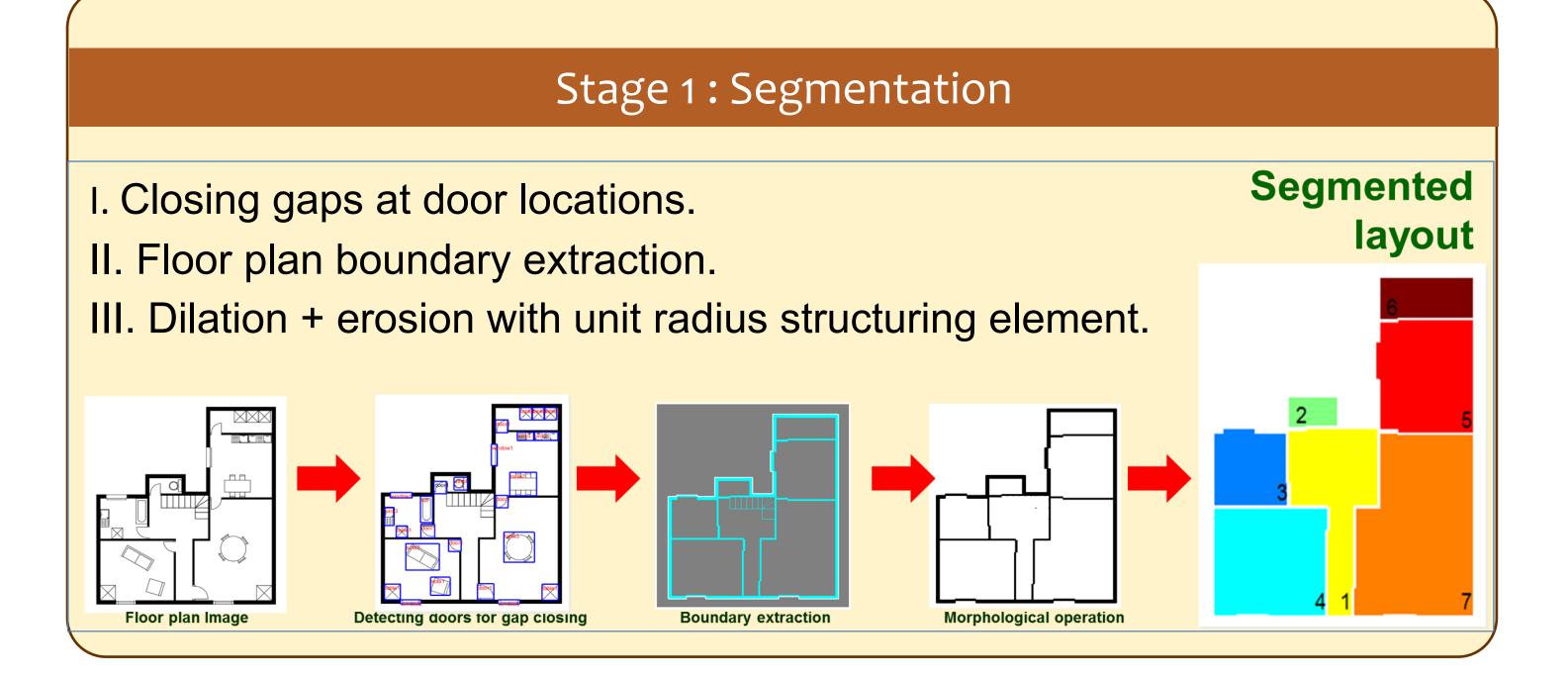
Contribution

- Room segmentation and adjacent room detection algorithm to represent layouts as an undirected graph.
- Graph spectral embedding feature to uniquely represent floor plans for efficient matching.
- Two stage matching technique comprising both room layout matching and room décor matching.

Framework Diagram **Feature Extraction** Query ----> Retrieval **Query Image Database Room Adjacency** Segmented Segmentation Image **Detection** floor plan **Database** Room **Adjacency Graph Based PCA** based Spectral **Adjacency** representation **Spectral Matrix Embedding Query feature Database Image feature Feature Feature Proximity matrix Database** for Graph matching Rank ordered list **Rank Order** Retrieved image list Match cost Result

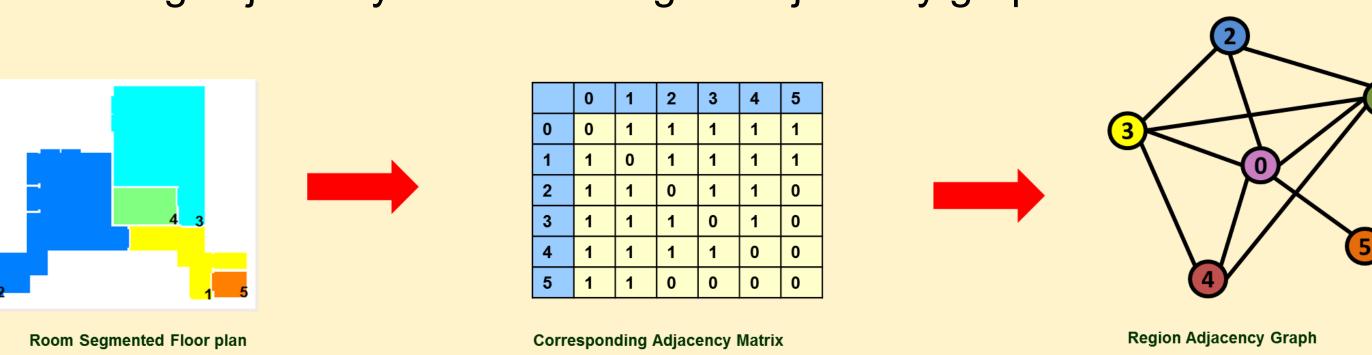
Related Work

- Symbol spotting in graphical documents: Dutta et al. 2011, 2013
- Sketch based retrieval of architectural floor plans: Weber et al. 2013
- Room detection in architectural floor plans: Ahmed et al. 2012



Stage 2: Room Adjacency Detection

- I. Thresholding wall width and determining two-way adjacency in rooms.
- II. Creating adjacency matrix and region adjacency graph.



Stage 3: Room Layout Matching

 $\overrightarrow{F_k} = (\lambda_k^{1}, \lambda_k^{2}, \lambda_k^{3}, \dots, \lambda_k^{n})^T \qquad \overrightarrow{x_k} = \phi^T \overrightarrow{F_k} = (x_k', x_k'', x_k''')^T$

 $d = \sqrt{\left(\overrightarrow{x_Q} - \overrightarrow{x_D}\right)^2}$

Leading 'n' eigen values as feature vector $(\overrightarrow{F_k})$

> 3 - component vector > through spectral embedding

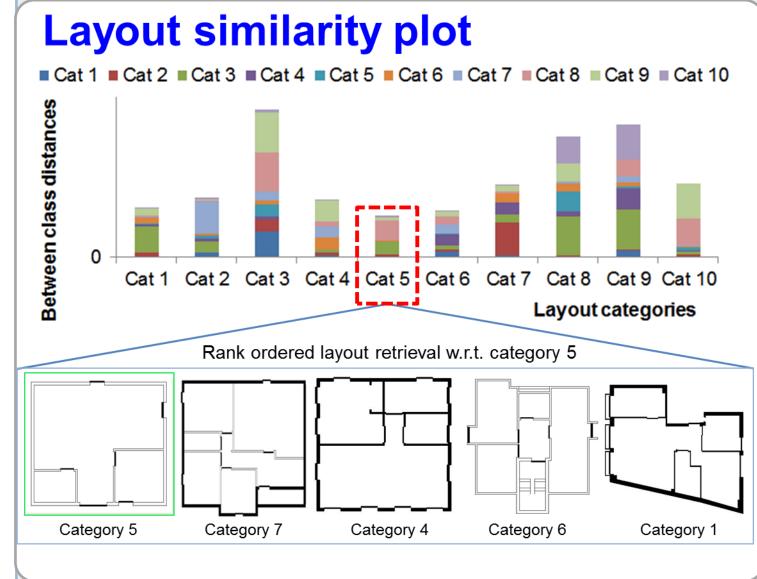
Similarity metric between query and database image feature vectors

Stage 4: Room Décor Matching

- Detecting and categorizing furniture in the floor plan and initializing the matching cost.
- Adding a penalty matchcost if furniture count in two layouts not equal.
- Uniquely identifying furnitures in a layout and comparing type/ category of furniture in both layouts.
- Increment matchcost in case of furniture category matching, penalize otherwise.

Experiments

On SESYD dataset, 10 classes, 100 samples/ class.



Symbol Library



Conclusions

Conclusions and Future Scope:

- An inclusive framework considering structural and semantic similarity.
- A novel room décor matching algorithm for specificity while retrieval.
- Spectral embedding approach to represent layout graphs.
- Sketch based mode of query retrieval forms a future scope.

